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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/542,435	05/02/2006	Jeffrey D. Rothstein	JHU2090-1	2771
²⁸²¹³ DLA PIPER LI	7590 05/12/201 LP (US)	EXAMINER		
4365 EXECUT		MACFARLANE, STACEY NEE		
SUITE 1100 SAN DIEGO, O	UTTE 1100 AN DIEGO, CA 92121-2133		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/12/2011	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/542,435	ROTHSTEIN ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	STACEY MACFARLANE	1649	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLEWHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING ID. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS te, cause the application to become ABAN	TION. be timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 I</u> This action is FINAL. 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under 	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters	·	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☑ Claim(s) 2.19 and 45-48 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☑ Claim(s) 2.19 and 45-48 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	cepted or b) objected to by edrawing(s) be held in abeyance ction is required if the drawing(s)	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in App ority documents have been re au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	lication No ceived in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)	a> □ !	mary /PTO 412\	
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/7/2011. 	Paper No(s)/N	mary (PTO-413) lail Date mal Patent Application	

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DETAILED ACTION

Formal Matters

1. No claim amendments have been made. Claims 2, 19 and 45-48 are pending in the instant application and are under examination in the instant office action.

2. Applicant's arguments filed on March 7, 2011 have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive for the reasons set forth below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2, 19 and 45-48 stand as rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rothstein et al., WO0130968 (2001) in view of Wahle et al. (1996) for reasons of record in the previous Office action.

On pages 4-6 of Remarks filed March 7, 2011, Applicant argues that the invention is based on the seminal discovery that GTRAP3-18 acts as a general regulator of cellular glycosylation as opposed to modulating glutamate transporters in general. Applicant further argues "Rothstein fails to disclose the ability of GTRAP3-18 to regulate glycosylation of a number of neurotransmitter transporters and receptors including glutamate transporters dopamine transporters, GABA transporters, and amino acid transporters" and, therefore, "Rothstein does not disclose the method of the instant

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invention for identifying compounds that are capable of generally modulating cellular glycosylation" (Remarks, top of page 6). Applicant further argues that Wahle fails to remedy the deficiencies of Rothstein by failing to disclose the claimed method because the Rothstein reference "is silent as to the function of GTRAP3-18 as a general regulator of cellular glycosylation" and Wahle is silent as to GTRAP3-18.

This is not found persuasive for the following reasons. Applicant is arguing elements that are not claimed. The method of the invention does not require regulation of cellular glycosylation in general. Nor does it require detection of "a number of neurotransmitter transporters and receptors including glutamate transporters dopamine transporters, GABA transporters, and amino acid transporters". Rather the claim is specifically drawn to detection of GLAST/EAAT1 glycosylation and the prior art teaches that EAAT1 glycosylation was known and that GTRAP3-18 modulation of glutamate transport was also known.

The Examiner maintains that the Rothstein publication teaches methods of "identifying a compound that modulates a cellular response mediated by a Glutamate Transporter Associated Protein" (GTRAP) as required by the claim, by identifying a "compound that inhibits an interaction between a GTRAP and a glutamate transporter protein". Rothstein et al. teach that GTRAP3-18 modulates transporter activity and discloses methods wherein the GTRAP polypeptide is the rat GTRAP3-18 protein which is identical to SEQ ID NO: 2 of instant claim 46 and the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 (Claim 47) (see Rothstein Figures 18 and 19).

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The only element that the Rothstein is silent is with respect to the step requiring "detecting the level of glycosylation of a GTRAP3-18 target molecule ... wherein the GTRAP3-18 target molecule is glutamate transporter GLAST/EAAT1". The Wahle et al. prior art teach methods for detecting the glycosylation state of the GLAST1 transporter and explicitly discloses that it was well-known in the art at the time of filing that the glycosylation state of GLAST1/EAAT1 transporter intimately affects transporter activity.

The Examiner maintains that *KSR International Co. v. Teleflex, Inc.*, the Supreme Court has stated that combining prior art elements according to known methods to yield predictable results is *prima facie* obvious. Based upon the guidance and direction within the Rothstein and Wahle prior art references, such combination would have been well within the technical grasp of a skilled artisan. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to detect the level of glycosylation level since Wahle et al. art explicitly teaches that glycosylation affects GLAST transporter expression and activity. Thus, using the elements of the known methods, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been able to predictably combine the elements with a reasonable expectation of success of determining the level of glycosylation of GLAST/EAAT1 proteins in the presence of GTRAP3-18 and test compounds. Examiner maintains that the invention as a whole is *prima facie* obvious.

Conclusion

- 4. No claim is allowed.
- 5. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to STACEY MACFARLANE whose telephone number is (571)270-3057. The examiner can normally be reached on M-R 5:45 to 3:30, TELEWORK-Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ali Salimi can be reached on (571) 272-0909. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Stacey MacFarlane Examiner Art Unit 1649 /Lorraine Spector/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1647